



CHOOSING THE RIGHT WINTER GLOVES

2021-2022

TILLMAN®
The Brand Pros Demand

Let's face it...Winter is here, and the cold conditions can be a challenge. You might have the best insulated boots and the warmest jacket but what about your hands? Your hands are your tools. They literally do the heavy lifting for you.

When working outside in the cold and wet, you're going to be at risk for frostbite or hypothermia and just being cold. So, you need to make sure you have the right pair of gloves that will provide the warmth and dexterity you need to work in comfort.

Here are a few tips to help you find the perfect Tillman winter gloves.



4 Tips to Choose the Right Winter Glove:

1. Keep Dry

There is nothing worse than cold, wet hands. One of the primary functions of a winter glove is to keep your hands dry. Wet gloves will ruin your day and are potentially harmful. Once moisture breaks through the barrier of the glove, your hands get cold and then your body temperature will start to drop. This is the first step to frostbite or hypothermia.

You want to look for a glove with either a waterproof lining or a waterproofing material that has been impregnated into the outer material. Tillman's **1403** Goatskin winter glove offers our WaterShield waterproof coating to help keep hands dry. Or, use the **1568** Cowhide split glove with a waterproof lining to keep hands dry. You can also use a Pigskin work glove like the **1412** or **1419** that is naturally resistant to moisture. Pigskin is not water proof, yet does have some natural barriers to moisture.

1403



1568



2. Insulation

Along with keeping hands dry, winter gloves need to keep your hands warm. There are different forms of insulation used in gloves that have a major impact on warmth.

If you're looking for a glove with outstanding resistance to extreme cold, look at a glove with 100-Gram 3M Thinsulate™ lining like the **865** Deerskin, the **1419** Pigskin or the **1403** Goatskin. If your task requires more dexterity, the fleece lined **1438** Goatskin, the 40-Gram 3M Thinsulate™ lined **1414CW Drivers** glove or the **1485 TrueFit™** glove might be better suited for you and your application.

Here are a few insulative materials Tillman offers and their differences:

- **Fleece** – Perhaps the most common, this is a lightweight option that is warmer than cotton/foam linings and still less bulky than other insulations.
- **Cotton/Foam** – Is a lightweight, economical option but it won't provide the most warmth.
- **Polar Fleece** – Is a soft napped insulating fabric made from polyester that is on the thinner side with moderate warmth.
- **Pile** – A thicker heavyweight synthetic wool material that is warm and a good value.
- **3M Thinsulate™** – A breathable and moisture-resistant insulator. 3M Thinsulate™ is extremely effective at trapping air and keeping hands warm while allowing moisture to escape. The larger the gram number (40, 100) the thicker the insulation the warmer your hands will be.

865



1419



1438



1485



3. Dexterity

Keeping hands warm, while still being able to function is crucial. We don't need to tell you how important dexterity is, yet the thickness of the insulation has a direct impact on your dexterity and your hand movements. How demanding is the work, what is the temperature and what level of dexterity is important.

- Swinging a hammer at 10° F, 100-gram 3M Thinsulate™ might work well so the **1590** with Performance Pigskin, the **865** top grain Deerskin or the **1567** Pigskin work glove might be the choice for you.
- Fine motor skills at 10° F, 40-gram 3M Thinsulate™ might work well so the **1414CW Drivers** glove, the **1485 TrueFit™** with top grain Pigskin, the **1495 TrueFit™** with top grain Goatskin or the **1468** or **1469** with synthetic leather could be the choice for you.

In the end, as you may guess, you may trade off a little warmth for more dexterity.

1468



1495



1567



1590



4. The Best Fit

The best fitting glove will, as the expression goes, fit like a glove. With your hands being the primary connection between you and your tools, the proper fit is essential. Never settle for a poor fitting glove. Here are a few tips to find gloves that fit, keep you protected, warm and focused on the job.

- To test a glove's fit, physically grab onto a tool, a hammer for example, as if you were working. Just making a closed fist is not an accurate feel because the hand is closed much farther than when you grip a tool. But how does the glove feel when you grip a hammer?
- A winter glove should fit snugly without feeling restrictive or tight or cutting off circulation. Gloves should allow good movement, and have enough give to operate tools or equipment. If a glove is too tight it will compress the insulation and will not be able to properly trap warm air resulting in cold hands, so go up a size.
- Your fingers should not be touching the ends of the glove; neither should glove fingers be too long. There should be a little room between your fingers and the end of the glove to trap warm air in the insulation.

To sum it all up, Tillman has a wide selection of winter gloves to keep your hands warm and comfortable from winter's cold weather keeping jack frost from nipping at your fingers.

1403



1486

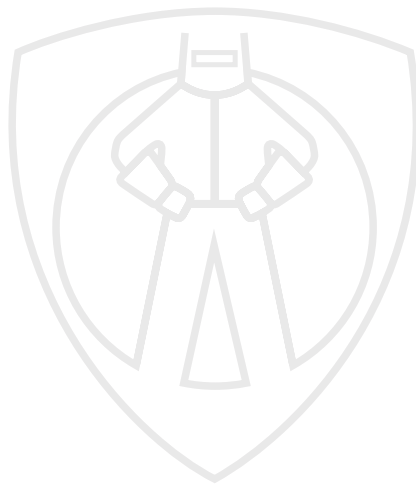


1772



Don't just settle for the first pair of gloves you see on the shelf,
know what you are looking for.





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